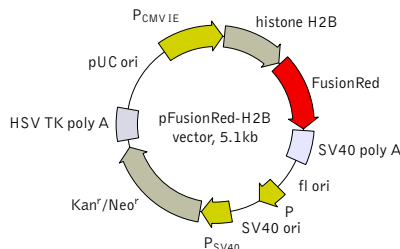


pFusionRed-H2B vector

The vector sequence has been compiled using the information from sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequences obtained by Evrogen. This vector has not been completely sequenced.



For vector sequence, please visit our Web site at <http://www.evrogen.com/products/vectors.shtml>

Location of features

P_{CMV IE}: 1-589
 Enhancer region: 59-465
 TATA box: 554-560
 Transcription start point: 583
 Histone H2B: 657-1034
 FusionRed: 1053-1748
 Stop codon: 1749-1751
 SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal
 Polyadenylation signals: 1904-1909 & 1933-1938
 mRNA 3' ends: 1942 & 1954
 f1 single-strand DNA origin: 2001-2456
 Bacterial promoter for expression of Kan^r gene
 -35 region: 2518-2523; -10 region: 2541-2546
 Transcription start point: 2553
 SV40 origin of replication: 2797-2932
 SV40 early promoter
 Enhancer (72-bp tandem repeats): 2630-2701 & 2702-2773
 21-bp repeats: 2777-2797, 2798-2818 & 2820-2840
 Early promoter element: 2853-2859
 Major transcription start points: 2849, 2887, 2893 & 2898
 Kanamycin/neomycin resistance gene
 Neomycin phosphotransferase coding sequences:
 Start codon (ATG): 2981-2983; Stop codon: 3773-3775
 G->A mutation to remove Pst I site: 3163
 C->A (Arg to Ser) mutation to remove BssH II site: 3509
 Herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signal
 Polyadenylation signals: 4011-4016 & 4024-4029
 pUC plasmid replication origin: 4360-5003

Product	Cat.#	Size
pFusionRed-H2B vector	FP421	20 µg
Vector type	mammalian expression vector	
Reporter	FusionRed	
Reporter codon usage	mammalian	
Promoter for FusionRed	P _{CMV IE}	
Host cells	mammalian	
Selection	prokaryotic - kanamycin eukaryotic - neomycin (G418)	
Replication	prokaryotic - pUC ori eukaryotic - SV40 ori	
Use	red fluorescent labeling of histone H2B	

Vector description

pFusionRed-H2B is a mammalian expression vector encoding FusionRed-H2B fusion protein. The vector can be used for fluorescent labeling of histone H2B in living cells.

FusionRed codon usage is optimized for high expression in mammalian cells (humanized) [Haas et al. 1996]. Human histone H2B is fused to the FusionRed N-terminus.

pFusionRed-H2B vector can be used as a source of FusionRed-H2B hybrid sequence. The vector backbone contains unique restriction sites that permit its excision and further insertion into expression vector of choice.

Note: The plasmid DNA was isolated from dam⁺-methylated *E. coli*. Therefore some restriction sites are blocked by methylation. If you wish to digest the vector using such sites you will need to transform the vector into a dam⁻ host and make fresh DNA.

The vector backbone contains immediate early promoter of cytomegalovirus (P_{CMV IE}) for protein expression, SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing SV40 T-antigen, pUC origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli*, and f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production. SV40 polyadenylation signals (SV40 poly A) direct proper processing of the 3'-end of the reporter mRNA.

SV40 early promoter (P_{SV40}) provides neomycin resistance gene (Neo^r) expression to select stably transfected eukaryotic cells using G418. Bacterial promoter (P) provides kanamycin resistance gene expression (Kan^r) in *E. coli*. Kan^r/Neo^r gene is linked with herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signals.

Expression in mammalian cells

pFusionRed-H2B vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. CMV promoter provides strong, constitutive expression of the FusionRed-H2B fusion in eukaryotic cells. If required, stable transformants can be selected using G418 [Gorman 1985].

Propagation in *E. coli*

Suitable host strains for propagation in *E. coli* include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. Plasmid incompatibility group is pMB1/ColE1. The vector confers resistance to kanamycin (30 µg/ml) to *E. coli* hosts. Copy number in *E. coli* is about 500.

References

- Gorman, C. (1985). "High efficiency gene transfer into mammalian cells." In: *DNA cloning: A Practical Approach, Vol. II*. Ed. by Glover. (IRL Press, Oxford, U.K.) Pp. 143-190.
- Haas, J. et al. (1996) "Codon usage limitation in the expression of HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein." *Curr Biol*, 6 (3): 315-324 / pmid: 8805248

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MSDS information is available at <http://www.evrogen.com/MSDS.shtml>