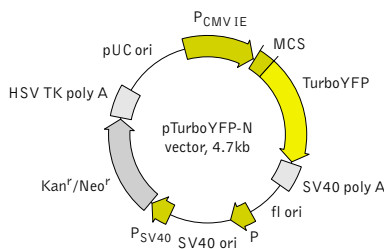


pTurboYFP-N vector

The vector sequence has been compiled using the information from sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequences obtained by Evrogen. This vector has not been completely sequenced.



For vector sequence, please visit our Web site at <http://www.evrogen.com/support/vector-info.shtml>

Multiple cloning site (MCS)

```

... G. CTA. GCG. CTA. CCG. GAC. TCA. GAT. CTC. GAG. CTC. AAG. CTT. CGA. ATT. CTG. CAG. TCG. ACG. GTA. CCG. CGG. GCC. CGG. GAT. CCA. CCG. GTC. GCC. ACC. ATG. A . . .
      |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
      Afe I     Xho I     Hind III    Pst I     Kpn I     Apa I     BamH I
      |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
      Nhe I     Bgl II    Sac I     EcoR I     Sal I     Sac II*    Sma I/Xma I    Age I
  
```

* — not unique site.

Location of features

P_{CMV IE}: 1-589
Enhancer region: 59-465
TATA box: 554-560
Transcription start point: 583
MCS: 592-678
TurboYFP
Kozak consensus translation initiation site: 672-682
Start codon (ATG): 679-681; **Stop codon:** 1408-1410
SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal
Polyadenylation signals: 1564-1569 & 1593-1598
mRNA 3' ends: 1602 & 1614
f1 single-strand DNA origin: 1661-2116
Eukaryotic promoter for expression of Kan^r gene
-35 region: 2178-2183; **-10 region:** 2201-2206
Transcription start point: 2213
SV40 origin of replication: 2457-2592
SV40 early promoter
Enhancer (72-bp tandem repeats): 2290-2361 & 2362-2433
21-bp repeats: 2437-2457, 2458-2478 & 2480-2500
Early promoter element: 2513-2519
Major transcription start points: 2509, 2547, 2553 & 2558
Kanamycin/neomycin resistance gene
Neomycin phosphotransferase coding sequences:
Start codon (ATG): 2641-2643; **Stop codon:** 3433-3435
G->A mutation to remove Pst I site: 2823
C->A (Arg to Ser) mutation to remove BssH II site: 3169
Herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signal
Polyadenylation signals: 3671-3676 & 3684-3689
pUC plasmid replication origin: 4020-4663

References

Gorman (1985). "High efficiency gene transfer into mammalian cells." In: *DNA cloning: A Practical Approach, Vol. II*. Ed. by Glover. (IRL Press, Oxford, U.K.) Pp. 143-190.
 Haas et al. (1996) "Codon usage limitation in the expression of HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein." *Curr Biol*, 6 (3): 315-324 / pmid: 8805248
 Kozak (1987) "An analysis of 5'-noncoding sequences from 699 vertebrate messenger RNAs." *Nucleic Acids Res*, 15 (20): 8125-8148 / pmid: 3313277

Product	Cat.#	Size
pTurboYFP-N vector	FP612	20 µg
The price does not include delivery. The price varies in different countries. Please contact your local distributor for exact prices and delivery information.		
Vector type	mammalian expression vector	
Reporter	TurboYFP	
Reporter codon usage	mammalian	
Promoter for TurboYFP	P _{CMV IE}	
Host cells	mammalian	
Selection	prokaryotic - kanamycin eukaryotic - neomycin (G418)	
Replication	prokaryotic - pUC ori eukaryotic - SV40 ori	
Use	TurboYFP expression in mammalian cells; generation of fusions to the TurboYFP N-terminus	

Vector description

pTurboYFP-N is a mammalian expression vector encoding yellow fluorescent protein TurboYFP. The vector allows generation of fusions to the TurboYFP N-terminus and expression of TurboYFP fusions or TurboYFP alone in eukaryotic (mammalian) cells.

TurboYFP codon usage is optimized for high expression in mammalian cells (humanized) [Haas et al. 1996]. To increase mRNA translation efficiency, Kozak consensus translation initiation site is generated upstream of TurboYFP sequence [Kozak 1987]. Multiple cloning site (MCS) is located between P_{CMV IE} and TurboYFP coding sequence.

The vector backbone contains immediate early promoter of cytomegalovirus (P_{CMV IE}) for protein expression, SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing SV40 T-antigen, pUC origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli* and f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production. SV40 polyadenylation signals (SV40 poly A) direct proper processing of the 3'-end of the reporter mRNA.

SV40 early promoter (P_{SV40}) provides neomycin resistance gene (Neo^r) expression to select stably transfected eukaryotic cells using G418. Bacterial promoter (P) provides kanamycin resistance gene expression (Kan^r) in *E. coli*. Kan^r/Neo^r gene is linked with herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signals.

Generation of TurboYFP-tagged fusions

A localization signal or a gene of interest should be cloned into MCS of the vector. It will be expressed as a fusion to the TurboYFP N-terminus when inserted in the same reading frame as TurboYFP and no in-frame stop codons are present. The inserted sequence should contain an initiating ATG codon. TurboYFP-tagged fusions retain fluorescent properties of the native protein allowing fusion localization *in vivo*. Unmodified vector will express TurboYFP when transfected into eukaryotic (mammalian) cells.

Note: The plasmid DNA was isolated from dam⁺-methylated *E. coli*. Therefore some restriction sites are blocked by methylation. If you wish to digest the vector using such sites you will need to transform the vector into a dam⁻ host and make fresh DNA. Despite its dimeric structure, TurboYFP is still suitable for generation of fusions with proteins of interest, however we recommend to use TagFPs for these purposes.

Expression in mammalian cells

pTurboYFP-N vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. If required, stable transformants can be selected using G418 [Gorman 1985].

Propagation in *E. coli*

Suitable host strains for propagation in *E. coli* include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. Plasmid incompatibility group is pMB1/ColE1. The vector confers resistance to kanamycin (30 µg/ml) to *E. coli* hosts. Copy number in *E. coli* is about 500.

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