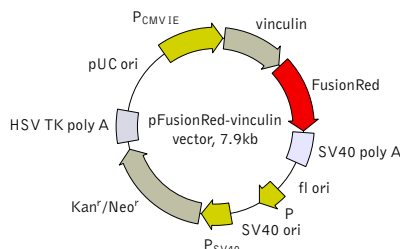


## pFusionRed-vinculin vector

The vector sequence has been compiled using the information from sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequences obtained by Evrogen. This vector has not been completely sequenced.



For vector sequence, please visit our Web site at <http://www.evrogen.com/products/vectors.shtml>

### Location of features

P<sub>CMV IE</sub>: 1-589  
 Enhancer region: 59-465  
 TATA box: 554-560  
 Transcription start point: 583  
 Kozak consensus translation initiation site: 599-609  
 Vinculin: 606-3803  
 Start codon (ATG): 606-608  
 Last amino acid in Vinculin: 3801-3803  
 FusionRed: 3867-4565  
 Stop codon: 4563-4565  
 SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal  
 Polyadenylation signals: 4718-4723 & 4747-4752  
 mRNA 3' ends: 4756 & 4768  
 f1 single-strand DNA origin: 4815-5270  
 Bacterial promoter for expression of Kan<sup>r</sup> gene  
 -35 region: 5332-5337; -10 region: 5355-5360  
 Transcription start point: 5367  
 SV40 origin of replication: 5611-5746  
 SV40 early promoter  
 Enhancer (72-bp tandem repeats): 5444-5515 & 5516-5587  
 21-bp repeats: 5591-5611, 5612-5632 & 5634-5654  
 Early promoter element: 5667-5673  
 Major transcription start points: 5663, 5701, 5707 & 5712  
 Kanamycin/neomycin resistance gene  
 Neomycin phosphotransferase coding sequences:  
 Start codon (ATG): 5795-5797; Stop codon: 6587-6589  
 G->A mutation to remove Pst I site: 5977  
 C->A (Arg to Ser) mutation to remove BssH II site: 6323  
 Herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signal  
 Polyadenylation signals: 6825-6830 & 6838-6843  
 pUC plasmid replication origin: 7174-7817

Product	Cat.#	Size
pFusionRed-vinculin vector	<b>FP424</b>	20 µg
Vector type	mammalian expression vector	
Reporter	FusionRed	
Reporter codon usage	mammalian	
Promoter for FusionRed	P <sub>CMV IE</sub>	
Host cells	mammalian	
Selection	prokaryotic - kanamycin eukaryotic - neomycin (G418)	
Replication	prokaryotic - pUC ori eukaryotic - SV40 ori	
Use	red fluorescent labeling of vinculin	

### Vector description

pFusionRed-vinculin is a mammalian expression vector encoding FusionRed-vinculin fusion protein. The vector can be used for fluorescent labeling of vinculin in living cells.

FusionRed codon usage is optimized for high expression in mammalian cells (humanized) [Haas et al. 1996]. Human vinculin is fused to the FusionRed N-terminus.

pFusionRed-vinculin vector can be used as a source of FusionRed-vinculin hybrid sequence. The vector backbone contains unique restriction sites that permit its excision and further insertion into expression vector of choice.

**Note:** The plasmid DNA was isolated from dam<sup>+</sup>-methylated *E.coli*. Therefore some restriction sites are blocked by methylation. If you wish to digest the vector using such sites you will need to transform the vector into a dam<sup>-</sup> host and make fresh DNA.

The vector backbone contains immediate early promoter of cytomegalovirus (P<sub>CMV IE</sub>) for protein expression, SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing SV40 T-antigen, pUC origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli*, and f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production. SV40 polyadenylation signals (SV40 poly A) direct proper processing of the 3'-end of the reporter mRNA.

SV40 early promoter (P<sub>SV40</sub>) provides neomycin resistance gene (Neo<sup>r</sup>) expression to select stably transfected eukaryotic cells using G418. Bacterial promoter (P) provides kanamycin resistance gene expression (Kan<sup>r</sup>) in *E. coli*. Kan<sup>r</sup>/Neo<sup>r</sup> gene is linked with herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signals.

### Expression in mammalian cells

pFusionRed-vinculin vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. CMV promoter provides strong, constitutive expression of the FusionRed-vinculin fusion in eukaryotic cells. If required, stable transformants can be selected using G418 [Gorman 1985].

### Propagation in *E. coli*

Suitable host strains for propagation in *E. coli* include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. Plasmid incompatibility group is pMB1/ColE1. The vector confers resistance to kanamycin (30 µg/ml) to *E. coli* hosts. Copy number in *E. coli* is about 500.

### References

Gorman, C. (1985). "High efficiency gene transfer into mammalian cells." In: *DNA cloning: A Practical Approach, Vol. II*. Ed. by Glover. (IRL Press, Oxford, U.K.) Pp. 143-190.

Haas, J. et al. (1996) "Codon usage limitation in the expression of HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein." *Curr Biol*, 6 (3): 315-324 / PMID: 8805248

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**MSDS information** is available at <http://www.evrogen.com/MSDS.shtml>