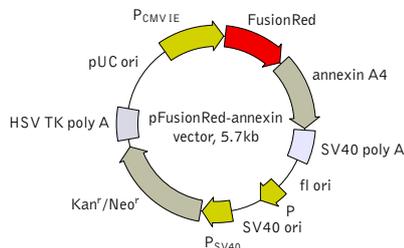


pFusionRed-annexin vector

The vector sequence has been compiled using the information from sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequences obtained by Evrogen. This vector has not been completely sequenced.



For vector sequence, please visit our Web site at <http://www.evrogen.com/products/vectors.shtml>

Location of features

P_{CMV IE}: 1-589
 Enhancer region: 59-465
 TATA box: 554-560
 Transcription start point: 583
 FusionRed-annexin fusion: 613-2322
 FusionRed: 613-1308
 Start codon (ATG): 613-615
 Last amino acid in FusionRed: 1306-1308
 Annexin A4: 1357-2322
 Stop codon: 2320-2322
 SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal
 Polyadenylation signals: 2483-2488 & 2512-2517
 mRNA 3' ends: 2521 & 2533
 f1 single-strand DNA origin: 2580-3035
 Bacterial promoter for expression of Kan^r gene
 -35 region: 3097-3102; -10 region: 3120-3125
 Transcription start point: 3132
 SV40 origin of replication: 3376-3511
 SV40 early promoter
 Enhancer (72-bp tandem repeats): 3209-3280 & 3281-3352
 21-bp repeats: 3356-3376, 3377-3397 & 3399-3419
 Early promoter element: 3432-3438
 Major transcription start points: 3428, 3466, 3472 & 3477
 Kanamycin/neomycin resistance gene
 Neomycin phosphotransferase coding sequences:
 Start codon (ATG): 3560-3562; Stop codon: 4352-4354
 G->A mutation to remove Pst I site: 3742
 C->A (Arg to Ser) mutation to remove BssH II site: 4088
 Herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signal
 Polyadenylation signals: 4590-4595 & 4603-4608
 pUC plasmid replication origin: 4939-5582

Product	Cat.#	Size
pFusionRed-annexin vector	FP414	20 µg
Vector type	mammalian expression vector	
Reporter	FusionRed	
Reporter codon usage	mammalian	
Promoter for FusionRed	P _{CMV IE}	
Host cells	mammalian	
Selection	prokaryotic - kanamycin eukaryotic - neomycin (G418)	
Replication	prokaryotic - pUC ori eukaryotic - SV40 ori	
Use	red fluorescent labeling of annexin A4	

Vector description

pFusionRed-annexin is a mammalian expression vector encoding FusionRed-annexin fusion protein. The vector can be used for fluorescent labeling of annexin A4 in living cells.

FusionRed codon usage is optimized for high expression in mammalian cells (humanized) [Haas et al. 1996]. Human annexin A4 is fused to the FusionRed C-terminus. To increase mRNA translation efficiency, Kozak consensus translation initiation site is generated upstream of the FusionRed-annexin coding sequence [Kozak 1987].

pFusionRed-annexin vector can be used as a source of FusionRed-annexin hybrid sequence. The vector backbone contains unique restriction sites that permit its excision and further insertion into expression vector of choice.

Note: The plasmid DNA was isolated from dam⁺-methylated *E. coli*. Therefore some restriction sites are blocked by methylation. If you wish to digest the vector using such sites you will need to transform the vector into a dam⁻ host and make fresh DNA.

The vector backbone contains immediate early promoter of cytomegalovirus (P_{CMV IE}) for protein expression, SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing SV40 T-antigen, pUC origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli*, and f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production. SV40 polyadenylation signals (SV40 poly A) direct proper processing of the 3'-end of the reporter mRNA.

SV40 early promoter (P_{SV40}) provides neomycin resistance gene (Neo^r) expression to select stably transfected eukaryotic cells using G418. Bacterial promoter (P) provides kanamycin resistance gene expression (Kan^r) in *E. coli*. Kan^r/Neo^r gene is linked with herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signals.

Expression in mammalian cells

pFusionRed-annexin vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. CMV promoter provides strong, constitutive expression of the FusionRed-annexin fusion in eukaryotic cells. If required, stable transformants can be selected using G418 [Gorman 1985].

Propagation in *E. coli*

Suitable host strains for propagation in *E. coli* include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. Plasmid incompatibility group is pMB1/ColE1. The vector confers resistance to kanamycin (30 µg/ml) to *E. coli* hosts. Copy number in *E. coli* is about 500.

References

- Gorman, C. (1985). "High efficiency gene transfer into mammalian cells." In: *DNA cloning: A Practical Approach, Vol. II*. Ed. by Glover. (IRL Press, Oxford, U.K.) Pp. 143-190.
- Haas, J. et al. (1996) "Codon usage limitation in the expression of HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein." *Curr Biol*, 6 (3): 315-324 / pmid: 8805248
- Kozak, M. (1987) "An analysis of 5'-noncoding sequences from 699 vertebrate messenger RNAs." *Nucleic Acids Res*, 15 (20): 8125-8148 / pmid: 3313277

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MSDS information is available at <http://www.evrogen.com/MSDS.shtml>